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- (ix) Critical weather services.
- (x) Transportation to accomplish the foregoing NSEP functions.
- (b) Priority level assignment. Service under this subcategory will normally be assigned priority levels "3," "4," or "5" for provisioning and restoration during Peacetime/Crisis/Mobilization.
- (4) Public welfare and maintenance of national economic posture. This subcategory covers the minimum number of telecommunications services necessary for maintaining the public welfare and national economic posture during any national or regional emergency. These services are those for which a service interruption ranging from a few minutes to one day would have serious adverse impact upon the supported NSEP function
- (a) *Criteria*. To qualify under this subcategory, a service must support at least one of the following NSEP functions:
- (i) Distribution of food and other essential supplies.
- (ii) Maintenance of national monetary, credit, and financial systems.
- (iii) Maintenance of price, wage, rent, and salary stabilization, and consumer rationing programs.
- (iv) Control of production and distribution of strategic materials and energy supplies.
- (v) Prevention and control of environmental hazards or damage.
- (vi) Transportation to accomplish the foregoing NSEP functions.
- (b) Priority level assignment. Services under this subcategory will normally be assigned priority levels "4" or "5" for provisioning and restoration during Peacetime/Crisis/Mobilization.
- d. Limitations. Priority levels will be assigned only to the minimum number of telecommunication services required to support an NSEP function. Priority levels will not normally be assigned to backup services on a continuing basis, absent additional justification, e.g., a service user specifies a requirement for physically diverse routing or contracts for additional continuity-of-service features. The Executive Office of the President may also establish limitations upon the relative numbers of services which may be assigned any restoration priority level. These limitations will not take precedence over laws or executive orders. Such limitations shall not be exceeded absent waiver by the Executive Office of the President.
- e. Non-NSEP services. Telecommunication services in the non-NSEP category will be those which do not meet the criteria for either Emergency NSEP or Essential NSEP.

[53 FR 47536, Nov. 23, 1988; 54 FR 152, Jan. 4, 1989; 54 FR 1471, Jan. 13, 1989, as amended at 67 FR 13229, Mar. 21, 2002; 71 FR 69038, Nov. 29, 2006]

APPENDIX B TO PART 64—PRIORITY ACCESS SERVICE (PAS) FOR NATIONAL SECURITY AND EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS (NSEP)

1. AUTHORITY

This appendix is issued pursuant to sections 1, 4(i), 201 through 205 and 303(r) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended. Under these sections, the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) may permit the assignment and approval of priorities for access to commercial mobile radio service (CMRS) networks. Under section 706 of the Communications Act, this authority may be superseded by the war emergency powers of the President of the United States. This appendix provides the Commission's Order to CMRS providers and users to comply with policies and procedures establishing the Priority Access Service (PAS). This appendix is intended to be read in conjunction with regulations and procedures that the Executive Office of the President issues:

- (1) To implement responsibilities assigned in section 3 of this appendix, or
- (2) For use in the event this appendix is superseded by the President's emergency war powers. Together, this appendix and the regulations and procedures issued by the Executive Office of the President establish one uniform system of priority access service both before and after invocation of the President's emergency war powers.

2. Background

- a. Purpose. This appendix establishes regulatory authorization for PAS to support the needs of NSEP CMRS users.
- b. Applicability. This appendix applies to the provision of PAS by CMRS licensees to users who qualify under the provisions of section 5 of this appendix.
- c. Description. PAS provides the means for NSEP telecommunications users to obtain priority access to available radio channels when necessary to initiate emergency calls. It does not preempt calls in progress and is to be used during situations when CMRS network congestion is blocking NSEP call attempts. PAS is to be available to authorized NSEP users at all times in equipped CMRS markets where the service provider has voluntarily decided to provide such service. Authorized users would activate the feature on a per call basis by dialing a feature code such as *XX. PAS priorities 1 through 5 are reserved for qualified and authorized NSEP users, and those users are provided access to CMRS channels before any other CMRS call
 - d. Definitions. As used in this appendix:
- 1. Authorizing agent refers to a Federal or State entity that authenticates, evaluates

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and makes recommendations to the Executive Office of the President regarding the assignment of priority access service levels.

- 2. Service provider means an FCC-licensed CMRS provider. The term does not include agents of the licensed CMRS provider or resellers of CMRS service.
- 3. Service user means an individual or organization (including a service provider) to whom or which a priority access assignment has been made.
- 4. The following terms have the same meaning as in Appendix A to Part 64:
 - (a) Assignment;
 - (b) Government;
 - (c) National Communications System;
- (d) National Coordinating Center;
- (e) National Security Emergency Preparedness (NSEP) Telecommunications Services (excluding the last sentence);
 - (f) Reconciliation;
 - (g) Revalidation;
 - (h) Revision;
 - (i) Revocation.
- e. Administration. The Executive Office of the President will administer PAS.

3. Responsibilities

- a. The Federal Communications Commission will provide regulatory oversight of the implementation of PAS, enforce PAS rules and regulations, and act as final authority for approval, revision, or disapproval of priority assignments by the Executive Office of the President by adjudicating disputes regarding either priority assignments or the denial thereof by the Executive Office of the President until superseded by the President's war emergency powers under Section 706 of the Communications Act.
- b. The Executive Office of the President (EOP) will administer the PAS system. It will:
- 1. Act as the final approval or denial authority for the assignment of priorities and the adjudicator of disputes during the exercise of the President's war emergency powers under section 706 of the Communications Act.
- 2. Receive, process, and evaluate requests for priority actions from authorizing agents on behalf of service users or directly from service users. Assign priorities or deny requests for priority using the priorities and criteria specified in section 5 of this appendix. Actions on such requests should be completed within 30 days of receipt.
- 3. Convey priority assignments to the service provider and the authorizing agent.
- 4. Revise, revalidate, reconcile, and revoke priority level assignments with service users and service providers as necessary to maintain the viability of the PAS system.
- 5. Maintain a database for PAS related information.
- 6. Issue new or revised regulations, procedures, and instructional material supple-

mental to and consistent with this appendix regarding the operation, administration, and use of PAS.

- 7. Provide training on PAS to affected entities and individuals.
- 8. Enlarge the role of the Telecommunications Service Priority System Oversight Committee to include oversight of the PAS system.
- 9. Report periodically to the FCC on the status of PAS.
- 10. Disclose content of the NSEP PAS database only as may be required by law.
- c. An Authorizing agent shall:
- 1. Identify itself as an authorizing agent and its community of interest (State, Federal Agency) to the EOP. State Authorizing Agents will provide a central point of contact to receive priority requests from users within their state. Federal Authorizing Agents will provide a central point of contact to receive priority requests from federal users or federally sponsored entities.
- 2. Authenticate, evaluate, and make recommendations to the EOP to approve priority level assignment requests using the priorities and criteria specified in section 5 of this appendix. As a guide, PAS authorizing agents should request the lowest priority level that is applicable and the minimum number of CMRS services required to support an NSEP function. When appropriate, the authorizing agent will recommend approval or deny requests for PAS.
- 3. Ensure that documentation is complete and accurate before forwarding it to the EOP.
- 4. Serve as a conduit for forwarding PAS information from the EOP to the service user and vice versa. Information will include PAS requests and assignments, reconciliation and revalidation notifications, and other information.
- 5. Participate in reconciliation and revalidation of PAS information at the request of the EOP.
- 6. Comply with any regulations and procedures supplemental to and consistent with this appendix that are issued by the EOP.
- 7. Disclose content of the NSEP PAS database only to those having a need-to-know.
 - d. Service users will:
- 1. Determine the need for and request PAS assignments in a planned process, not waiting until an emergency has occurred.
- 2. Request PAS assignments for the lowest applicable priority level and minimum number of CMRS services necessary to provide NSEP telecommunications management and response functions during emergency/disaster situations.
- 3. Initiate PAS requests through the appropriate authorizing agent. The EOP will make final approval or denial of PAS requests and may direct service providers to remove PAS if appropriate. (Note: State and local government or private users will apply for PAS

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through their designated State government authorizing agent. Federal users will apply for PAS through their employing agency. State and local users in states where there has been no designation will be sponsored by the Federal agency concerned with the emergency function as set forth in Executive Order 12656. If no authorizing agent is determined using these criteria, the EOP will serve as the authorizing agent.)

- 4. Submit all correspondence regarding PAS to the authorizing agent.
- 5. Invoke PAS only when CMRS congestion blocks network access and the user must establish communications to fulfill an NSEP mission. Calls should be as brief as possible so as to afford CMRS service to other NSEP users.
- 6. Participate in reconciliation and revalidation of PAS information at the request of the authorizing agent or the EOP.
- 7. Request discontinuance of PAS when the NSEP qualifying criteria used to obtain PAS is no longer applicable.
- 8. Pay service providers as billed for PAS.
 9. Comply with regulations and procedures that are issued by the EOP which are supplemental to and consistent with this appendix.
- e. Service providers who offer any form of priority access service for NSEP purposes shall provide that service in accordance with this appendix. As currently described in the Priority Access and Channel Assignment Standard (IS-53-A), service providers will:
- 1. Provide PAS levels 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 only upon receipt of an authorization from the EOP and remove PAS for specific users at the direction of the EOP.
- 2. Ensure that PAS system priorities supersede any other NSEP priority which may be provided.
- 3. Designate a point of contact to coordinate with the EOP regarding PAS.
- 4. Participate in reconciliation and revalidation of PAS information at the request of the EOP.
- 5. As technically and economically feasible, provide roaming service users the same grade of PAS provided to local service users.
- 6. Disclose content of the NSEP PAS database only to those having a need-to-know or who will not use the information for economic advantage.
- 7. Comply with regulations and procedures supplemental to and consistent with this appendix that are issued by the EOP.
- 8. Insure that at all times a reasonable amount of CMRS spectrum is made available for public use.
- 9. Notify the EOP and the service user if PAS is to be discontinued as a service.
- f. The Telecommunications Service Priority Oversight Committee will identify and review any systemic problems associated with the PAS system and recommend actions to correct them or prevent their recurrence.

4 APPEAL

Service users and authorizing agents may appeal any priority level assignment, denial, revision or revocation to the EOP within 30 days of notification to the service user. The EOP will act on the appeal within 90 days of receipt. If a dispute still exists, an appeal may then be made to the FCC within 30 days of notification of the EOP's decision. The party filing the appeal must include factual details supporting its claim and must provide a copy of the appeal to the EOP and any other party directly involved. Involved parties may file a response to the appeal made to the FCC within 20 days, and the initial filing party may file a reply within 10 days thereafter. The FCC will provide notice of its decision to the parties of record. Until a decision is made, the service will remain status

5. PAS PRIORITY LEVELS AND QUALIFYING CRITERIA

The following PAS priority levels and qualifying criteria apply equally to all users and will be used as a basis for all PAS assignments. There are five levels of NSEP priorities, priority one being the highest. The five priority levels are:

- 1. Executive Leadership and Policy Makers
- 2. Disaster Response/Military Command and Control
- 3. Public Health, Safety and Law Enforcement Command
- 4. Public Services/Utilities and Public Welfare
- 5. Disaster Recovery

These priority levels were selected to meet the needs of the emergency response community and provide priority access for the command and control functions critical to management of and response to national security and emergency situations, particularly during the first 24 to 72 hours following an event. Priority assignments should only be requested for key personnel and those individuals in national security and emergency response leadership positions. PAS is not intended for use by all emergency service personnel.

A. Priority 1: Executive Leadership and Policy Makers.

Users who qualify for the Executive Leadership and Policy Makers priority will be assigned priority one. A limited number of CMRS technicians who are essential to restoring the CMRS networks shall also receive this highest priority treatment. Examples of those eligible include:

- (i) The President of the United States, the Secretary of Defense, selected military leaders, and the minimum number of senior staff necessary to support these officials:
- (ii) State governors, lieutenant governors, cabinet-level officials responsible for public

safety and health, and the minimum number of senior staff necessary to support these officials; and

(iii) Mayors, county commissioners, and the minimum number of senior staff to support these officials.

B. Priority 2: Disaster Response/Military Command and Control

Users who qualify for the Disaster Response/Military Command and Control priority will be assigned priority two. Individuals eligible for this priority include personnel key to managing the initial response to an emergency at the local, state, regional and federal levels. Personnel selected for this priority should be responsible for ensuring the viability or reconstruction of the basic infrastructure in an emergency area. In addition, personnel essential to continuity of government and national security functions (such as the conduct of international affairs and intelligence activities) are also included in this priority. Examples of those eligible include:

- (i) Federal emergency operations center coordinators, e.g., Manager, National Coordinating Center for Telecommunications, National Interagency Fire Center, Federal Coordinating Officer, Federal Emergency Communications Coordinator, Director of Military Support:
- (ii) State emergency Services director, National Guard Leadership, State and Federal Damage Assessment Team Leaders;
- (iii) Federal, state and local personnel with continuity of government responsibilities;
- (iv) Incident Command Center Managers, local emergency managers, other state and local elected public safety officials; and
- (v) Federal personnel with intelligence and diplomatic responsibilities.

C. Priority 3: Public Health, Safety, and Law Enforcement Command

Users who qualify for the Public Health, Safety, and Law Enforcement Command priority will be assigned priority three. Eligible for this priority are individuals who direct operations critical to life, property, and maintenance of law and order immediately following an event. Examples of those eligible include:

- (i) Federal law enforcement command;
- (ii) State police leadership;
- (iii) Local fire and law enforcement command:
 - (iv) Emergency medical service leaders;
 - (v) Search and rescue team leaders; and
- (vi) Emergency communications coordinators.

D. Priority 4: Public Services/Utilities and Public Welfare

Users who qualify for the Public Services/ Utilities and Public Welfare priority will be assigned priority four. Eligible for this priority are those users whose responsibilities include managing public works and utility infrastructure damage assessment and restoration efforts and transportation to accomplish emergency response activities. Examples of those eligible include:

- (i) Army Corps of Engineers leadership;
- (ii) Power, water and sewage and telecommunications utilities; and
 - (iii) Transportation leadership.

E. Priority 5: Disaster Recovery

Users who qualify for the Disaster Recovery priority will be assigned priority five. Eligible for this priority are those individuals responsible for managing a variety of recovery operations after the initial response has been accomplished. These functions may include managing medical resources such as supplies, personnel, or patients in medical facilities. Other activities such as coordination to establish and stock shelters, to obtain detailed damage assessments, or to support key disaster field office personnel may be included. Examples of those eligible include:

- (i) Medical recovery operations leadership;(ii) Detailed damage assessment leadership;
- (iii) Disaster shelter coordination and management; and
- (iv) Critical Disaster Field Office support personnel.

6. LIMITATIONS

PAS will be assigned only to the minimum number of CMRS services required to support an NSEP function. The Executive Office of the President may also establish limitations upon the relative numbers of services that may be assigned PAS or the total number of PAS users in a serving area. These limitations will not take precedence over laws or executive orders. Limitations established shall not be exceeded.

[65 FR 48396, Aug. 8, 2000]

PART 65—INTERSTATE RATE OF RETURN PRESCRIPTION PROCEDURES AND METHODOLOGIES

Subpart A—General

Sec.

65.1 Application of part 65.

Subpart B—Procedures

- 65.100 Participation and acceptance of service designation.
- 65.101 Initiation of unitary rate of return prescription proceedings.
- 65.102 Petitions for exclusion from unitary treatment and for individual treatment